

Module 13
FINAL EXAMINATION

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Select the **one** best answer.

1. The federal agency charged with enforcing “right to know” laws is
 - a. OSHA
 - b. EPA
 - c. RCRA
 - d. MSDS

2. The federal agency that regulates hazardous chemical wastes is
 - a. OSHA
 - b. EPA
 - c. RCRA
 - d. MSDS

3. The state law regulating hazardous waste disposal is
 - a. MSDS
 - b. 10 NCAC 10G
 - c. RCRA
 - d. EPA

4. The reference containing information relative to all chemicals used in the institution is
 - a. MSDS
 - b. policy and procedure manual
 - c. RCRA
 - d. EPA

5. Mr. Jones has Hepatitis B. When you enter his room, you notice that he has dropped his dinner tray on the floor and his plate and tea glass are broke. You would dispose of the broken glass as
 - a. sharps
 - b. pathological wastes
 - c. microbiological wastes

6. You have removed the soiled dressing from Mrs. Smith’s draining abdominal wound. You should
 - a. flush the soiled dressing down the toilet

- b. put the soiled dressing down in a paper bag and toss it in the trash
- c. place the soiled dressing in a container designated for blood and blood products

True/False Answer either true or false.

- __ 1. Hospital-produced wastes are more contaminated than residential-produced wastes.
- __ 2. Cultures are considered pathological wastes
- __ 3. Segregating infectious wastes at the point of origin is highly recommended
- __ 4. Infectious waste disposal is regulated by the EPA
- __ 5. Blood and blood products must be incinerated
- __ 6. All infectious wastes are considered hazardous

Matching Match the type of infectious waste in Column A with the description in Column B.

- | | | | |
|--------|------------------------|----|---|
| ___ 1. | microbiological wastes | a. | blood and body fluids |
| ___ 2. | pathological wastes | b. | needles, syringes, scalpel, blades |
| ___ 3. | sharps | c. | cultures and stocks of etiological agents |